Regional Workshop on Poverty Statistics in Latin America and the Caribbean

Rio de Janeiro, 10-14 May 2004

Provisional Agenda

Session 1: Introduction to the UN project on poverty statistics

- (1.1) Introduction on objectives, operative methods, calendar, and other relevant features of the UNSD project, and within it the role of the Seminar.
- (1.2) The work of the Rio Group on Poverty Statistics. Available products. Its coordination with the Project.
- (1.3) Great challenges of poverty statistics in the UN Statistical Commission framework and in the present stage of the UN summits resolutions and objectives.

Session 2: Institutional and policy contexts of the demand for poverty statistics

- (2.1) Purpose of collecting of poverty statistics: objectives of the measurement (identify the nature and magnitude of the problem; contribute to the design, implementation and evaluation of policies)
- (2.2) Financing of poverty statistics
- (2.3) Conceptual requirement of poverty measures: comprehensiveness, consistency, harmonization and integration with other socio-economic data

<u>Session 3:</u> Presentation of Latin American countries' experience with particular emphasis on practices by governmental agencies: methods and practices of poverty measurements and poverty statistics (data sources, data processing, data dissemination)

- (3.1) Metric approaches (money metric and non monetary measures on poverty); absolute and relative indices
- (3.2) Capability approaches (unmet basic needs, basic capital possession)
- (3.3) Social deprivations approaches (social exclusion, risk, vulnerability, powerless)
- (3.4) Subjective poverty

<u>Session 4</u>: statistical sources (household surveys, national accounts, administrative information); periodicity and coverage of measurements; setting poverty data within an appropriate and consistent macroeconomic and meso context.

<u>Session 5:</u> National, regional and international perspectives to poverty assessments: (incidence, extent and characterizations of poverty; poverty maps, poverty profiles); use of poverty statistics in national policy formulation, poverty assessment with specific reference to the MDGs' targets.

Session 6: Conclusions and recommendations