Kuwait



Air and climate Emissions of:		Year	-Su	The last the last to the last	ISLAMIC REPUBLI OF IRAN
SO2 (1000t)			-" IRAQ	Sign	
SO2 per capita (kg)			-ge	Butiyan) "
NOx (1000t)			KUWAIT		
NOx per capita (kg)			-st -st -st -st -st -st -st -st -st -st		F)
CO2 (million tonnes)	86	2007	- Car	Korwait City	NDARY DEMARCATED **
CO2 per capita (tonnes)	30	2007	-99	UNI BOUNDARY DEP	by the ITED NATIONS IAQ-KUWAIT MARCATION COMMISSION
GHG (million tonnes CO2 eq.)			- make a special control of the special contr	trainguing to the Communic Ken points after Council decom Other interrupts	condary iteman and by thing the lend broadery on an exap circulated in Security or Sc(224)2 (SE 155,000 8,7611 Serve)
GHG per capita (tonnes CO2 eq.)			SAUDI ARAHIA	Annual L	9 3° 3° 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Ozone depleting CFCs (ODP tonnes)	33	2008	Society of the second		1 1 1 1
GHG from energy (%)			Note: The boundaries, the names shown, and the design	ations used	on this map
Biodiversity			do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the U		s.
Proportion of terrestrial and	4	2000	Permanent meadows and		Year
marine areas protected (%)	1	2009	pastures (% of agric. land)	90	2008
Number of threatened species	41	2010	Change in agricultural land	7	2008
Fish catch (tonnes)	4 373	2008	area since 1990 (%)		
Change in fish catch from previous year (%)	0	2008	Forest area (sq km) Change in forest	60	2010
	-		area since 1990 (%)	100	2010
Economy GDP growth rate from previous year (%)	6	2006	Population Population (1000)	2 737	2010
GDP per capita (\$US)	36 668	2009	Population growth rate	2	2010
% Value added agriculture,	0		from previous year (%)	3	2010
hunting, forestry, fishing	0	2009	Waste		
% Value added mining, manufacturing, utilities	50	2009	Total population served by municipal waste collection (%)	100	2009
% Value added other	50	2009	Municipal waste collected (1000t)	1 723	2009
Energy			Hazardous waste		
Energy consumption (1000t oil eq.)	26 545	2007	generated (tonnes)		
Energy consumption per capita (kg oil eq.)	9 311	2007	Water and sanitation		
Energy use intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 (PPP) GDP	208	2007	Long-term average renewable freshwater resources (mio m3/yr)	20	N/A
Renewable electricity production (%)	0	2007	Urban population with access to improved drinking water source (%)	99	2008
Land and agriculture			Rural population with access to improved drinking water source (%)	99	2008
Total area (sq km)	17 818	2008	Urban population with access		
Agricultural land (sq km)	1 510	2008	to improved sanitation (%)	100	2008
Arable land (% of agric. land)	8	2008	Rural population with access		
Permanent crops (% of agric.land) 2.0	2008	to improved sanitation (%)	100	2008

Environment Statistics Country Snapshot: Kuwait

Last updated:

August 2011

These snapshots provide data about the environment and other related statistics at a point in time that will allow comparison between countries. For up to date data, time series, downloadable data, and additional information, please visit original sources. UNSD is not responsible for the quality, completeness / availability, and validity of data obtained from other data providers. Original sources should be cited when snapshots data are referenced. A list of sources and corresponding URLs are shown below.

Data Sources

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Database

Fish catch, Change in fish catch from previous year, Agricultural land, Arable land, Permanent crops, Permanent pasture and meadows, Change in agricultural land area since 1990, Forest area, Changein forest area since 1990, and some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources data are extracted from FAO.

FAOSTAT: http://faostat.fao.org/

AQUASTAT: http://www.fao.org/nr/water/aquastat/dbase/index.stm

International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN)

Number of threatened species data are extracted from the IUCN.

http://www.iucnredlist.org/

UNdata

GDP growth rate from previous year, and GDP per capita at current prices data are retrieved from the UNdata portal. UNdata was launched by the Uniter the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA). It brings the various UN statistical databases within easy reach of users through a single entry point. Users can search and download a variety of statistical resources provided by the UN System. http://data.un.org/

United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects

All 'per capita' variables use population data figures obtained from this source. Population and Percentage of population growth rate from previous year data are also retrieved from this source.

http://www.un.org/esa/population/

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) Secretariat

SO2 emissions, SO2 per capita emissions, NOx emissions, NOx per capita emissions, GHG emissions, GHG per capita, and Percentage of GHG from energy data are obtained from the UNFCCC Greenhouse Gas Emissions Database. http://unfccc.int/ghg_emissions_data/items/3800.php

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Demographic Statistics Yearbook *Total area* data are extracted from this source.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/default.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Energy Statistics Database

Energy consumption, Energy consumption per capita, and Renewable electricity production figures are extracted from the UNSD Energy Statistics Database.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/energy/default.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Environment Statistics Database

Population served by municipal waste collection, Municipal waste collected, Hazardous waste generated, some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources, and some of the air emissions data are extracted from the UNSD Environment Statistics Database (note: database also includes data from OECD, and Eurostat).

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/environment/gindicators.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Millennium Development Goals (MDG) Indicator Database

Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected, CO2 emissions, CO2 emissions per capita, Ozone-depleting CFCs, Energy intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 (PPP) GDP, Urban population with access to improved drinking water source, Rural population with access to improved drinking water source, Urban population with access to improved sanitation, and Rural population with access to improved sanitation data are extracted from MDG database. http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Data.aspx

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) National Accounts Database

% value added agriculture, hunting, forestry, fishing; % value added mining, manufacturing, utilities; and % value added other data are obtained from the National Accounts Main Aggregates Database. http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/introduction.asp

Footnotes for previous page

* Any footnotes displayed below are relevant to UNSD Environment and Energy Statistics variables only. For further information on data retrieved from other sources, please visit the original data provider.