# **Czech Republic**



Year

N/A

| Air and climate<br>Emissions of:                         |        | Year | CZECH REPUBLIC   | Thurston .               |              |
|--|--------|------|--|--------------------------|--------------|
| SO2 (1000t)  | 174    | 2008 | Chamster Chant to a book P O   | LAND                     |              |
| SO2 per capita (kg)                                      | 17     | 2008 | State of the state | 1000                     | Chose        |
| NOx (1000t)  | 263    | 2007 | Kallovy Zame Same Same Same Same Same Same Same S  | المراجعة المراجعة        | Katov        |
| NOx per capita (kg)                                      | 26     | 2007 | Tailor Character | Surpen and Surpen        | Outrast w.   |
| CO2 (million tonnes)                                     | 130    | 2007 | Name Parantina Principal Communication of the Commu | OLOUDUCKY                | Jerry France |
| CO2 per capita (tonnes)                                  | 13     | 2007 | and the state of t | William ZLINS            | P            |
| GHG (million tonnes CO2 eq.)                             | 141    | 2008 | Capable Sendan S | Jenden A                 | 1.2          |
| GHG per capita (tonnes CO2 eq.)                          | 14.0   | 2008 | ® Regional capital O Tom, village H Moor erport International Countries  The remarkonal Countrie | Stock Man Steet          | SLOVAKL      |
| Ozone depleting CFCs (ODP tonnes)                        |        |      | - Regard boundary - Indigning - Main cost - Geordany road Fibilitiat Fibilitiat Fibilitiat   | ierna<br>Wen) Bratislava | 1 10 m       |
| GHG from energy (%)                                      | 81     | 2008 | Note: The boundaries, the names shown, and the desig do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the  |                          | n this map   |
| Biodiversity   |        |      |  |                          | Year         |
| Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected (%) | 15     | 2009 | Permanent meadows and pastures (% of agric. land)  | 23                       | 2008         |
| Number of threatened species                             | 33     | 2010 | Change in agricultural land  |                          |              |
| Fish catch (tonnes)                                      | 4 164  | 2008 | area since 1990 (%)  |                          |              |
| Change in fish catch from previous year (%)              | -3     | 2008 | Forest area (sq km) Change in forest area since 1990 (%)   | 26 570<br>1              | 2010         |
| Economy GDP growth rate from previous year (%)           | 3      | 2008 | Population   | 10 493                   | 2010         |
| GDP per capita (\$US)<br>% Value added agriculture,      | 18 344 | 2009 | Population growth rate from previous year (%)  | 1                        | 2010         |
| hunting, forestry, fishing                               | 2      | 2009 | Waste  |                          |              |
| % Value added mining, manufacturing, utilities           | 30     | 2009 | Total population served by municipal waste collection (%)  | 100                      | 2009         |
| % Value added other                                      | 67     | 2009 | Municipal waste collected  | 3 310 <sup>1</sup>       | 2009         |
| Energy   |        |      | (1000t)<br>Hazardous waste   | 3010                     | _000         |
| Energy consumption (1000t oil eq.)                       | 40 092 | 2007 | generated (tonnes)   | 1 510                    | 2008         |
| Energy consumption per capita (kg oil eq.)               | 3 862  | 2007 | Water and sanitation  Long-term average  |                          |              |
| Energy use intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 (PPP) GDP  | 194    | 2007 | ranawahla frashwatar   | 15 977                   | N/A          |
| Renewable electricity production (%)                     | 3      | 2007 | Urban population with access to improved drinking water source (%  | ) 100                    | 2008         |
| Land and agriculture                                     |        |      | Rural population with access to improved drinking water source (%  | ) 100                    | 2008         |
| <b>,</b> ,   | 78 865 | 2008 | Urban population with access   | ,                        |              |
| J (1 )   | 42 450 | 2008 | to improved sanitation (%)   | 99                       | 2008         |
| Arable land (% of agric. land)                           | 71     | 2008 | Rural population with access   |                          |              |
| Permanent crops (% of agric.land)                        | 6.0    | 2008 | to improved sanitation (%)   | 97                       | 2008         |

### **Environment Statistics Country Snapshot: Czech Republic**

#### Last updated:

August 2011

These snapshots provide data about the environment and other related statistics at a point in time that will allow comparison between countries. For up to date data, time series, downloadable data, and additional information, please visit original sources. UNSD is not responsible for the quality, completeness / availability, and validity of data obtained from other data providers. Original sources should be cited when snapshots data are referenced. A list of sources and corresponding URLs are shown below.

#### **Data Sources**

#### Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Database

Fish catch, Change in fish catch from previous year, Agricultural land, Arable land, Permanent crops, Permanent pasture and meadows, Change in agricultural land area since 1990, Forest area, Changein forest area since 1990, and some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources data are extracted from FAO.

FAOSTAT: http://faostat.fao.org/

AQUASTAT: http://www.fao.org/nr/water/aquastat/dbase/index.stm

#### International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN)

Number of threatened species data are extracted from the IUCN.

http://www.iucnredlist.org/

#### **UNdata**

GDP growth rate from previous year, and GDP per capita at current prices data are retrieved from the UNdata portal. UNdata was launched by the Uniter the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA). It brings the various UN statistical databases within easy reach of users through a single entry point. Users can search and download a variety of statistical resources provided by the UN System. http://data.un.org/

#### United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects

All 'per capita' variables use population data figures obtained from this source. Population and Percentage of population growth rate from previous year data are also retrieved from this source.

http://www.un.org/esa/population/

#### United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) Secretariat

SO2 emissions, SO2 per capita emissions, NOx emissions, NOx per capita emissions, GHG emissions, GHG per capita, and Percentage of GHG from energy data are obtained from the UNFCCC Greenhouse Gas Emissions Database. http://unfccc.int/ghg\_emissions\_data/items/3800.php

## United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Demographic Statistics Yearbook

Total area data are extracted from this source.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/default.htm

#### United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Energy Statistics Database

Energy consumption, Energy consumption per capita, and Renewable electricity production figures are extracted from the UNSD Energy Statistics Database.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/energy/default.htm

#### United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Environment Statistics Database

Population served by municipal waste collection, Municipal waste collected, Hazardous waste generated, some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources, and some of the air emissions data are extracted from the UNSD Environment Statistics Database (note: database also includes data from OECD, and Eurostat).

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/environment/gindicators.htm

#### United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Millennium Development Goals (MDG) Indicator Database

Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected, CO2 emissions, CO2 emissions per capita, Ozone-depleting CFCs, Energy intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 (PPP) GDP, Urban population with access to improved drinking water source, Rural population with access to improved drinking water source, Urban population with access to improved sanitation, and Rural population with access to improved sanitation data are extracted from MDG database. http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Data.aspx

#### United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) National Accounts Database

% value added agriculture, hunting, forestry, fishing; % value added mining, manufacturing, utilities; and % value added other data are obtained from the National Accounts Main Aggregates Database. http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/introduction.asp

#### Footnotes for previous page

- \* Any footnotes displayed below are relevant to UNSD Environment and Energy Statistics variables only. For further information on data retrieved from other sources, please visit the original data provider.
- 1 Data refer to the amount of municipal waste generated.