

Environment Statistics Country Snapshot: Slovenia

Slovenia



Land

		Year
Total surface area (sq km):	20,256	2005
Agricultural land (sq km):	5,080	2005
Arable lands (% agri. land):	34.6	2005
Permanent crops (% agri. land):	5.3	2005
Permanent pasture (% agri. land):	60.0	2005
Change in agricultural land area since 1990 (%):	...	2005
Pesticide use (tonnes):	2,751.0	2001
Fertilizer use (1000 t):	69.9	2002
Forest area (sq km):	12,640.0	2005
Change in forest area since 1990 (%):	0.9	2005



Biodiversity

Percentage of surface area protected for biodiversity (%):	7.3	2005
Number of threatened species:	81	2006
Fish catch (tonnes):	1,022	2004
Change in fish catch from previous year (%):	-20.2	2004

Energy

Energy use (1000 t oil eq.):	5,851	2004
Energy use (kg oil eq./capita):	2,931	2004
Energy intensity (kg oil eq) per \$1,000 GDP	191	2003
Renewable electricity production (%)	26.8	2004
Motor vehicles (1000)	970	2003

Air and climate

Emissions of:

SO2 (1000 t):	68.2	2002
SO2 (kg/capita):	34.3	2002
NOx (1000 t):	59.6	2002
NOx (kg/capita):	30.0	2002
CO2 (million tonnes):	16.1	2003
CO2 (tonnes/capita):	8.2	2003
GHG (million tonnes CO2 eq):	20.1	2004
GHG (tonnes CO2 eq. per capita):	10.2	2004
Emissions of ozone-depleting CFCs (ODP tonnes):	...	...

Economy

	Year
GDP (million \$US):	32,182
GDP growth rate from previous year (%):	2.5
GDP per capita (\$US):	16,359
% GDP agriculture:	3
% GDP mining, manufacturing:	29
% GDP other:	68

Population

Population (1000):	1,967	2005
Population growth rate from previous year (%):	0	2005

Water and sanitation

Longterm average renewable freshwater resources (million m3/yr):	20,902	2005
Urban population with access to improved water source (%):	...	...
Rural population with access to improved water source (%):	...	...
Urban population with access to improved sanitation (%):	...	...
Rural population with access to improved sanitation (%):	...	...
Population served by municipal waste collection (%):	93	2002
Municipal waste collected (1000 t):	862	2002
Hazardous waste generated (tonnes):	67,520	2001