

Environment Statistics Country Snapshot: Latvia

Latvia



Land

| | | Year |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------|------|
| Total surface area (sq km): | 64,600 | 2005 |
| Agricultural land (sq km): | 17,340 | 2005 |
| Arable lands (% agri. land): | 63.0 | 2005 |
| Permanent crops (% agri. land): | 0.7 | 2005 |
| Permanent pasture (% agri. land): | 36.3 | 2005 |
| Change in agricultural land area since 1990 (%): | ... | 2005 |
| Pesticide use (tonnes): | 706.0 | 1998 |
| Fertilizer use (1000 t): | 50.0 | 2002 |
| Forest area (sq km): | 29,410.0 | 2005 |
| Change in forest area since 1990 (%): | 0.9 | 2005 |



Biodiversity

| | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------|
| Percentage of surface area protected for biodiversity (%): | 13.9 | 2005 |
| Number of threatened species: | 27 | 2006 |
| Fish catch (tonnes): | 125,391 | 2004 |
| Change in fish catch from previous year (%): | 9.5 | 2004 |

Energy

| | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Energy use (1000 t oil eq.): | 3,252 | 2004 |
| Energy use (kg oil eq./capita): | 1,402 | 2004 |
| Energy intensity (kg oil eq) per \$1,000 GDP | 188 | 2003 |
| Renewable electricity production (%) | 66.4 | 2004 |
| Motor vehicles (1000) | 765 | 2003 |

Air and climate

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Emissions of: | | | | |
| SO2 (1000 t): | 11.7 | 2002 | Longterm average renewable freshwater resources (million m ³ /yr): | 36,192 |
| SO2 (kg/capita): | 5.0 | 2002 | Urban population with access to improved water source (%): | 100 |
| NOx (1000 t): | 4.2 | 2002 | Rural population with access to improved water source (%): | 96 |
| NOx (kg/capita): | 1.0 | 2002 | Urban population with access to improved sanitation (%): | 82 |
| CO2 (million tonnes): | 7.4 | 2003 | Rural population with access to improved sanitation (%): | 71 |
| CO2 (tonnes/capita): | 3.2 | 2003 | Population served by municipal waste collection (%): | 50 |
| GHG (million tonnes CO2 eq.): | 10.8 | 2004 | Municipal waste collected (1000 t): | 1,127 |
| GHG (tonnes CO2 eq. per capita): | 4.7 | 2004 | Hazardous waste generated (tonnes): | 82,130 |
| Emissions of: | | | | |
| ozone-depleting CFCs (ODP tonnes): | ... | | | |

Economy

| | Year |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|
| GDP (million \$US): | 13,623 |
| GDP growth rate from previous year (%): | 7.5 |
| GDP per capita (\$US): | 5,876 |
| % GDP agriculture: | 4 |
| % GDP mining, manufacturing: | 17 |
| % GDP other: | 79 |

Population

| | | |
|------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Population (1000): | 2,307 | 2005 |
| Population growth rate from previous year (%): | -0.6 | 2005 |

Water and sanitation

| | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|
| Longterm average renewable freshwater resources (million m ³ /yr): | 36,192 | 2005 |
| Urban population with access to improved water source (%): | 100 | 2004 |
| Rural population with access to improved water source (%): | 96 | 2004 |
| Urban population with access to improved sanitation (%): | 82 | 2004 |
| Rural population with access to improved sanitation (%): | 71 | 2004 |
| Population served by municipal waste collection (%): | 50 | 1999 |
| Municipal waste collected (1000 t): | 1,127 | 2001 |
| Hazardous waste generated (tonnes): | 82,130 | 2001 |