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Exercises in Framework Selection: Lessons Learned

ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABLE INDEX AND ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE INDEX

# Design Criteria: What does the framework support?

### Describe

- Reduce complexity in policy-relevant ways
- Not necessarily tied to any policy target
- Answer the question "What's happening"?



### Describe

### Diagnose

 Indicators make it possible to explore relationships between different phenomena, to explore competing trends, and to dig into

anomalies

Subject	Grade
Math	F
Language Arts	A+
Social Studies	A+
History	Á+

- Describe
- Diagnose
- Deliberate
  - Indicators help societies and decision-makers engage in dialogue about what kind of future they want to have.
  - They help ground discussion in empirical reality.
  - They set up goal posts whose desired positions can be debated.

Subject	Grade
Math	B
Language Arts	B
Social Studies	B
History	B

- Describe
- Diagnose
- Deliberate
- Drive Action
  - When you know where you want to go, indicators can help you navigate there
  - Hold decision-makers accountable
  - Reward progress and punish inaction

- Describe
- Diagnose
- Deliberate
- Drive Action
- Discover patterns you didn't know were there
  - Who are the leaders and laggards?
  - What are the best and worst practices?



B+ Average



# Environmental Sustainability Index (ESI)

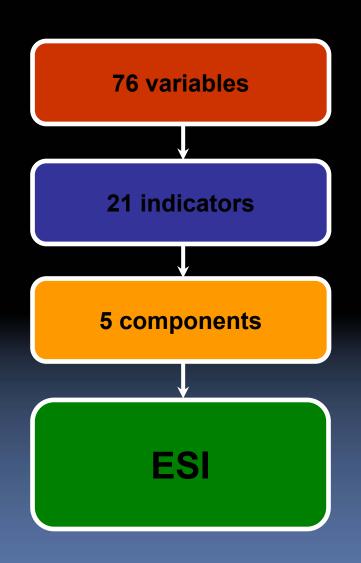
- Partners
  - World Economic Forum
  - Yale University Center for Environmental Law and Policy
  - Columbia University Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN)
  - Joint Research Center, European Commission
- Pilot ESI January 2000
- 2001 ESI
- 2002 ESI
- 2005 ESI

## What ESI tries to measure



Measures relative prospects for longterm environmental sustainability

### Constructing the ESI



Measures relative prospects for long-term environmental sustainability

### **5 Core Components**

• 20 Indicators

### **Environmental Stresses**

- Reducing Air Pollution
- Reducing Water Stress
- Reducing Ecosystem Stress
- Reducing Waste and Consumption Pressures
- Reducing Population Stress

## Human Vulnerability

- Basic Sustenance
- Environmental Health

## **Environmental Systems**

- Air Quality
- Water Quantity
- Water Quality
- Biodiversity
- Terrestrial Systems

## Social and Institutional Capacity

- Science/Technology
- Capacity for Debate
- Environmental Governance
- Eco-Efficiency
- Private Sector Responsiveness

### Global Stewardship

- Participation in International Collaborative Efforts
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Reducing
   Transboundary
   Environmental
   Pressures

## Strengths and weaknesses of ESI framework

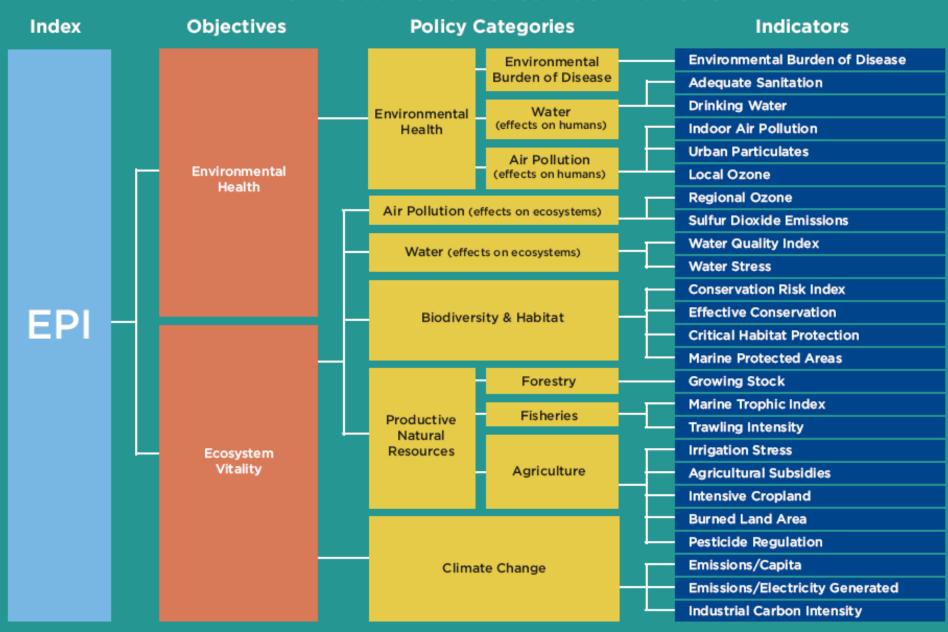
- Draws heavily on DPSIR framework
- Flexible enough to cover all important phenomena
- Poor match to available data
- Suspicion over "capacity"
- "Stewardship" seems like a residual
- Discomfort over measures that are weakly connected to performance
- Draws heavily on DPSIR framework

## Environmental Performance Index

- Pilot EPI 2006
- EPI 2008
- EPI 2010 (in preparation)

Measures relative success at achieving environmental targets

#### **Environmental Performance Index Framework**



### Strengths and weaknesses of

- Tighter connection to decision-making processes more relevant
  - Analytical approach easier to grasp than ESI
  - Travels well across scales
  - Human ecosystem division
  - Does not require DPSIR coherence
  - Salient targets emerge with significant lags
  - Targets are unstable
  - Targets are both spotlights and blinders
  - Transnational and global phenomena challenging to fit into national performance framework
  - Human ecosystem division
  - Does not require DPSIR coherence

### Lessons Learned

- No single framework does well at all design criteria
- All data streams serve multiple purposes, but few are organized to do so effectively
- We probably need a family of nested/linked frameworks
- We need to think of frameworks in terms of data systems, not data tables.