## The Use of the FDES and the Basic Set of Environment Statistics in Bhutan



Environment and Energy Statistics Branch United Nations Statistics Division

Environment and Energy Statistics Workshop for the Arab Region

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### **Purpose**

- To show how the FDES can be used to:
  - Provide an overview of the environment statistics and energy statistics available in a country
  - Help prioritizing future developments of the environment statistics and energy statistics in a country
- Based on a practical experience from Bhutan



#### Nature of environmental statistics

- The nature of environmental statistics is that environmental data are spread across several organisations compiling the statistics, e.g.
  - Ministry of the Environment
  - Environmental Protection Agency
  - · Research institutions
  - · Ministry of Agriculture
  - Energy Agency
  - National Statistical Offices
- It is inherent in the concept that it is difficult to get an overview of what data are available and where

# A DANIDA (Danish Development Aid) project carried out by Statistics Denmark

- Support to the National Statistics Bureau in Bhutan, who wanted to play an active role in providing environment statistics serving as a data hub for environment statistics
- Two components
- Environmental Statistics Developed Mission by Ole Gravgård and Thomas Olsen Thimphu, Bhutan 27 August - 7 September 2012
- Environmental Accounts initiated
   Mission still has not been carried out



## Development of environmental statistics in Bhutan – main mission activities

- Assessment of current situation of environmental statistics
- Organising the results of the assessment using the FDES
- Workshop with stakeholders and National Statistics Bureau (NSB) staff
- Training sessions on environment statistics and accounts



### Assessment of current situation of environmental statistics

- Two full days with meetings with stakeholders:
  - National Environment Commission Secretariat
  - Dep. of Planning and Policy (DPP), Ministry of Agriculture & Forests (MoAF)
  - MoAF, Department of Forests and Park Services
  - Gross National Happiness Commission
  - · Department of Agriculture, National Soil Services Centre
  - · The Biodiversity Centre
  - National Land Commission
  - Ministry of Economic Affairs, Department of Geology and Mines
  - Ministry of Economic Affairs, Hydro-Met Services Department
  - · Ministry of Economic Affairs, Department of Renewable Energy
  - Thimphu City Corporation
  - Yangki Automobiles
- Meetings and discussions with NSB staff
- Familiarisation with NSB publications and plans



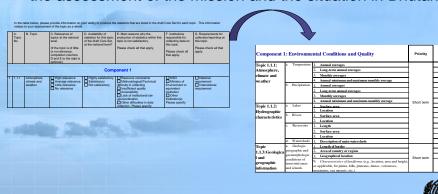
## Organizing the results of the assessment using the FDES - 1

- The FDES was used to organise the information gathered during the meetings with NSB and stakeholders, etc.
- For each FDES environment statistics item it was, as far as possible, indicated
  - · whether basic data is available
  - if statistics already exist (and in that case: where)
  - · what is the relevance for Bhutan
  - who are the primary stakeholders/primary data sources



## Organizing the results of the assessment using the FDES - 2

 The UNSD template was used as a starting point with a few adjustments to make it fit better to the specific purpose of the assessment of the mission and the situation in Bhutan



#### Workshop with stakeholders and NSB staff

- After the initial assessment of environmental data and statistics, a workshop with all stakeholders and NSB staff was arranged
- The principles and aims of environmental statistics and accounting were presented
- The FDES list of environment statistics with assessment was presented and discussed with stakeholders
- Based on comments and discussions a few adjustments to the list were made

### FDES core set and prioritization

- After the workshop and further discussion with NSB staff the full FDES list with assessment was cut down to the Core Set of FDES environmental statistics with a few additional non-core set items (e.g. characteristics of land forms, electricity production and installed capacities)
- For each of these items a preliminary prioritization was made: *short term, medium term and long term development*
- An indication of already existing statistics was added



# Example of prioritization of FDES core+ items with indication of already existing statistics

Component 1: Environmental Conditions and Quality				Statistical Year Book
Topic 1.1.1: Atmosphere,	a. Temperature	Annual averages     Long-term annual averages		5.7
climate and		Monthly averages		5.7
weather		4. Annual minimum and maximum monthly average		5.7
	<ul> <li>b. Precipitation</li> </ul>	1. Annual averages		5.8
		2. Long-term annual averages		
		3. Monthly averages		5.8
		4. Annual minimum and maximum monthly average	Short term	
Topic 1.1.2:	a. Lakes	1. Surface area		5.2
Hydrographic	b. Rivers	2. Location		5.2
characteristics	b. Rivers	1. Surface area 2. Location		5.2
	c. Reservoirs	1. Length		
		2. Surface area		5.2
		3. Location		0.2
	d. Watersheds	1. Description of main watersheds		
Topic	<ol> <li>Geologic,</li> </ol>	l. Length of border		
1.1.3:Geologica	geographic and	2. Area of country or region		5.2
l and	geomorphologic conditions of	3. Geographical location	Short term	
geographic	terrestrial areas	<ol> <li>Characteristics of landforms (e.g., location, area and height,</li> </ol>		
information	and islands	as applicable, for plains, hills, plateaus, dunes, volcanoes, mountains, sea mounts, etc.)		5.5, 5.6
Topic 1.2.1:	a. Soil	1. Area of soil types		0.0, 0.0
Soil	characterization (also in 2.4.1.a-c)			
characteristics				
	b. Degradation (also in 2.4.1.a-c)	1. Area affected by soil erosion	Medium/Long	
	(uiso iii 2.4.1.d-c)	2. Area affected by desertification	term	
		3. Area affected by salinization		
		Area affected by waterlogging     Area affected by acidification		
		5. Area anected by acidincation		



### Next steps

- The NSB followed up on the mission and continued the work:
- A questionnaire based on the FDES list was sent to stakeholders to obtain further information on data availability and views on relevance
- Another workshop was arranged with stakeholders for further discussions and seeking conclusions on the FDES list of environmental statistics



### Summary - 1

- The list of FDES statistics (almost 500 items) was compared with the availability of data and statistics in Bhutan and key sources of data were identified for each of the FDES statistical items
- FDES helped creating an overview
- A questionnaire was send to stakeholders in order to get more precise information and their view on priorities



### Summary - 2

- Preliminary prioritization of environment statistics: Short term – medium term and long term
- Short term priorities included statistics from all main components of FDES (broad coverage) and build on already existing statistics
- However, a final prioritization awaited results of the questionnaire and further analysis and discussions with stakeholders



## Some conclusions on the use of the FDES in Bhutan

- It was very useful to use the FDES for the organization of the information collected during the mission
- The organisation of the statistics (components, topics, etc. seemed logical and it was easy to understand and explain to NSB staff and stakeholders
- The full list is overwhelming, therefore the *core set* of FDES statistics is necessary/useful, when you start from scratch
- In this case it was useful, though, to add a few extra items to obtain a core+ set

#### More conclusions

 All in all, we found that using the FDES in Bhutan was a success, and the FDES was well received by NSB and stakeholders



