

POPULATION CENSUS QUESTIONNAIRE

October 1, 1995

Statistics Bureau

Management and Coordination Agency
Government of Japan

On the Population Census

The Population Census is to be taken throughout Japan as of October 1, 1995.

The Population Census has been conducted every five years since 1920 in accord with Japan's Statistics Law, and it is one of the most important statistical surveys in this country.

The Population Census enumerates all residents, and obtains statistical data on their demographic and socio-economic characteristics. Statistics to be compiled from the census returns will be used by the central and the local governments in policy-making and by a variety of other users.

You are requested to report in this questionnaire on all persons who live in your household. Please fill in the questionnaire before the enumerator visits you again to collect it early in October.

Under the Statistics Law, your answers are kept strictly confidential, and it is prohibited to use them for anything except statistical purposes.

We request your cooperation in the Population Census.

Please read this before filling in the questionnaire

Fill in the questionnaire on all persons who usually live in your household.

Persons who usually live in your household mean those who have been living, or are going to live, in your household *for three months* or more.

Please pay special attention to the following cases.

Persons who are temporarily absent from your household because of travelling or working elsewhere:

They should be reported at their homes if the period of their absence is less than three months. If they have been, or are going to be, absent from home for three months or more, they should be enumerated at their destination.

Students living in a school dormitory or a boarding house:

They should be reported at the dormitory or the boarding house regardless of the period of their stay there.

In-patients at a hospital:

They should be reported at the hospital if they have been hospitalized for three months or more. If not, they should be reported at their homes.

Crew of a ship:

They should be reported at their homes.

Persons in a prison or a detention house whose penalties have been fixed, and persons in a reformatory or a women's guidance home:

They should be reported at these institutions.

Persons who have no domicile where they have lived, or are going to live, for three months or more:

They should be reported at the places where they stay at the census date.

This questionnaire should be filled in separately for each household.

Please pay special attention regarding the coverage of household members in the following cases.

Lodgers:

Lodgers and boarders living apart from their relatives should be reported individually as a separate household.

Lodgers living with their relatives should be reported together with their relatives as one household.

■ Living-in employees:

Single living-in employees should be included in the employer's household.

■ Single persons living in a company dormitory:

Persons who live in a dormitory for single employees of a company should be reported individually, each as a separate household.

Students living in a school dormitory:

Those who live in a school dormitory should be counted as one household for each building of the dormitory. However, a separate questionnaire should be used for each student.

If you seal this questionnaire before returning it to the enumerator, it will be delivered with the seal to the municipal office.

The census enumerator will call on you to collect this questionnaire on

10月 日 午前/午後 時ごろ [調査員が記入]

October around a.m./p.m. ⇔左の空欄に取集予定日時を書いて世帯の人に見せてください。

If this is not convenient for you, please fill in a convenient time and date and show it to the enumerator.

October around a.m./p.m. (都合が悪いので次の日時にしてください。)

If you have any questions, please contact the municipal office. (分からないことがある場合は,市区町村まで連絡してください。)

INSTRUCTIONS

For every member of your household

1 Name and sex

For an infant who was born before 0:00 a.m. of October 1, 1995 and who is not yet named, enter "Not yet named".

2 Relationship to the household head

- 10 Other relative.....includes great-grandfathers, great-grandmothers, great-grandchildren, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, cousins, and children of relatives (including their spouses).
- 12 Other.....refers to persons other than relatives living in the household (excluding living-in employees).

5 Nationality

A person who has Japanese plus some other nationality should answer "Japan". When a person has two nationalities or more but does not have Japanese nationality, enter any one of the nationalities.

6 Did the person work at any time during the week from 24th to 30th of September ?

"Work" here refers to all types of work performed during the week preceding October 1 to earn wages, salaries, business profits, etc.

However, household members who worked on a farm, in a store, or in other places managed by their family should be considered as having "worked" even when they did not receive any wage or salary.

- 4 Had a job, but was temporarily absent from work..... refers to employers, self-employed persons and employed persons who did not work for less than 30 days due to illness, vacations, etc. Employed persons who did not work for 30 days or more but received wages or salaries for that period should also be included in this category.
- 5 Looked for a job.....refers to those persons who had no job but were actively looking for one, through, for instance, help-wanted ads in newspapers or by asking other persons to help them find jobs.
- 7 Attended school.....does not include those persons who attended a non-regular school such as a Japanese conversation class or a cooking class only once or twice a week. Children who went to nursery school or kindergarten are not included in the category "Attended school" but "Other".

7 Place of work or location of school

In the following cases, the place of work should be given as shown:

- o For carpenters (on own account) and peddlersHome.
- For employees who worked outdoors, such as travelling salespersons, drivers, etc.....Location of establishment they belonged to.
- O Crew of a shipLocation of the main base harbor of the ship.

8 Employment status

- 1 Employee.....includes office workers, factory workers, public servants, officers of a corporation, employees in a private retail shop, domestic servants, daily or temporary workers, etc.
- 2 Director of a firm or corporation.....includes presidents directors and auditors of a company, directors and inspectors of various organizations, and presidents, directors and inspectors of a public corporation.

3 Self-employed, employing others and

- 4 Self-employed, not employing others.....include proprietors of unincorporated shops and factories, farmers, medical practitioners, lawyers, writers, domestic helpers on own account, peddlers, etc. They should be classified as "Self-employed, employing others" or "Self-employed, not employing others" according to whether or not they employed other persons for their business.
- 5 Family worker.....refers to a household member who helps with work on a farm or works in a family-run shop.
- 6 **Doing home handicraft.....**refers to work done at home by a single person without using large-scale fixed facilities, for which materials are supplied.

9 Name of establishment and kind of business

If a person worked in a factory or in a branch office located separately from the main office of the company, write the name and the kind of business of the factory or the branch office.

If a person worked in two or more offices, factories or shops, write the name and the kind of businesses of the one where he/she worked the most.

If an establishment runs two or more businesses (for example, a cake retail shop and a tea room), write the major kind of business.

If an establishment is a head office doing only managerial business, write the kind of major business performed in the branch offices or factories.

10 Kind of work

If a person was doing two or more kinds of work, write the major kind.

If a person had a job title describing clearly the kind of work he/she was doing, give the title (for instance, "Head cook").

If a person was engaged in both technical work (such as manufacturing, repairing, etc.) and sales work, fill in the technical work.

EXAMPLES:A person who baked and sold bread...."Baker".

A person who repaired and sold automobiles"Repairing automobiles".

If a manager was engaged in work other than managerial duties, write the other work.

EXAMPLES:Proprietor of a restaurant who also cooked "Cook".

Proprietor of an amusement center who was engaged in administration of the hall

..... "Hall administrator".

(Example 1) Engaged in assembly at a manufacturing company

	Name of establishment	A piant, B Electric Co.
Question 9	Kind of business	Production of electric lighting apparatus
		Fluorescent lamp assembler

(Example 2) Working as a cook at a Chinese restaurant

	Name of establishment C Restaurant		
	Kind of business	Chinese restaurant	
Question 10	Kind of work	Cook	

Please fill in a column for each member of your household

1 Name and sex Col. Number	1	2	3	4	(Japanese translation)
Write the names of all persons who usually live in your household.	Name	Name	Name	Name	(氏 名)
Read explanations on page 1 for the coverage of persons to be included.					
·	1.1/2/2	1 Male 2 Female	1 1/2/2	4.444	1男 2女
	1 Male 2 Female 1 Household head or representative	1 Household head or representative	1 Male 2 Female	1 Male 2 Female	
2 Relationship to the household head	2 Spouse of head	2 Spouse of head	1 Household head or representative 2 Spouse of head	1 Household head or representative 2 Spouse of head	1 世帯主又は代表者 2 世帯主の配偶者
Grandfather or grandmother, or brother or sister, of the spouse of the household head	3 Son or daughter	3 Son or daughter	3 Son or daughter	3 Son or daughter	3 子
is included, respectively, in the category "Grandfather or grandmother", or "Brother or sister".	4 Spouse of son or daughter	4 Spouse of son or daughter	4 Spouse of son or daughter	4 Spouse of son or daughter	4 子の配偶者
The spouse of grandson or granddaughter is included in the category "Grandson or	5 Father or mother	5 Father or mother	5 Father or mother	5 Father or mother	5 世帯主の父母
granddaughter", and the spouse of a brother or sister is included in "Brother or sister".	6 Father or mother of spouse of head	6 Father or mother of spouse of head	6 Father or mother of spouse of head	6 Father or mother of spouse of head	6 世帯主の配偶者の父母
granded grand in a special of a brother or sister is moraced in brother or sister.	7 Grandson or granddaughter	7 Grandson or granddaughter	7 Grandson or granddaughter	7 Grandson or granddaughter	7 孫
	8 Grandfather or grandmother 9 Brother or sister	8 Grandfather or grandmother 9 Brother or sister	8 Grandfather or grandmother 9 Brother or sister	8 Grandfather or grandmother 9 Brother or sister	8 祖父母
	10 Other relative	10 Other relative	10 Other relative	10 Other relative	9 兄弟姉妹 10 他の親族
	11 Living-in employee	11 Living-in employee	11 Living-in employee	11 Living-in employee	11 住み込みの雇人
	12 Other	12 Other	12 Other	12 Other	12 その他
3 Year and month of birth	Year Month	Year Month	Year Month	Year Month	年 月
	<u> </u>	li,	<u>. L</u>	<u> </u>	
4 Marital status	1 Never married 3 Widowed	1 Never married 3 Widowed	1 Never married 3 Widowed	1 Never married 3 Widowed	1 未婚 3 死別
Show the actual status, regardless of the official record.	2 Now married 4 Divorced	2 Now married 4 Divorced	2 Now married 4 Divorced	2 Now married 4 Divorced	2 配偶者あり 4 離別
5 Nationality	1 Japan Name of country	1 Japan Name of country	1 Japan Name of country	1 Japan Name of country	1日本 国名
If other than Japan, circle 2 and write in the name of the country.	2 Other →	2 Other →	2 Other →	2 Other →	2 日本以外→
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	ki	L
6 Did the person work at any time during the week from 24th to 30th of September?	1 Mostly worked —	1 Mostly worked —	1 Mostly worked	1 Mostly worked	1 主に仕事
"Work" here means any work for pay or profit. It also includes work performed in a	2 Worked besides Fill Q.7	2 Worked besides Fill Q.7	2 Worked besides Fill 0.7	2 Worked besides — Fill	2 家事などの — 7~ 10個
family business or a farm without pay, as well as home handicraft and part-time work.	doing housework to 10		1 ODING DOUSEWORK -	doing nousework to 10.	少はか仕事にも
"School" in answers 3 and 7 includes a non-regular school such as a Japanese language	attending school	attending school	attending school	3 Worked besides ————————————————————————————————————	し 3 通学の 記入 記入 かたわら仕事
school, a cooking school, etc.	4 Had a job, but was tempo-	4 Had a job, but was tempo-	4 Had a job, but was tempo-	4 Had a job, but was tempo-	住 (4 仕事を休んでいた―
	carily absent from work carily absent f	g rarily absent from work ≤ 5 Looked for a job ——	2 rarily absent from work 5 Looked for a job —	rarily absent from work 5 Looked for a job	▼ 5 仕事を探していた──おわり
	6 Did housework ———End.	6 Did housework ———— End.	6 Did housework ————————————————————————————————————	6 Did housework ————————————————————————————————————	し { b 象争
	7 Attended school——Fill Q.7.	7 Attended school———Fill Q.7.	7 Attended school——Fill Q.7.	7 Attended school———Fill Q.7.	か 「幼児」
	8 Other [infants, aged persons, etc.] — End.	8 Other infants, aged persons, etc. — End.	8 Other infants, aged persons, etc.	8 Other infants, aged — End.	っ (8 その他 高齢 ── おわり た
	= (percent, etc.)		= (20.00.10)	E (porsons, etc.)	
7 Place of work or location of school	1 At home to, do,	1 At home	1 At home	1 At home	1 自宅
For a person who worked and also attended school during the week, answer the place	(includes fu, ken	(includes fu, ken	(includes fu, ken	to, do, (includes fu. ken	(住み込み 都道
of work.	living-in	living-in	living-in	living-in	を含む)
If the place is other than one's own home, write the address of the place of work	employee)	employee)	employee)	employee)	
or the location of the school (i.e., the name of the to, do, fu, or ken (prefecture), and	shi →	shi	⇒ shi	shi	市
the shi(city), ku(ward), machi/cho(town) or mura/son (village). Do not omit the name of the ku, if the address is in one of the 13 major cities (ku area of Tokyo, Sapporo-shi,	2 Not at	2 Not at	2 Not at	2 Not at	郡
Sendai-shi, Chiba-shi, Yokohama-shi, Kawasaki-shi, Nagoya-shi, Kyoto-shi, Osaka-shi,	home —	home —	home —	home —	2 自宅以外—
Kobe-shi, Hiroshima-shi, Kitakyusyu-shi, and Fukuoka-shi).	ku machi/cho	ku machi/cho	ku machi/cho	ku machi/cho	区
,,,,,,,,,,,,	mura/son	mura/son	mura/son	mura/son	町村:
8 Employment status	1 Employee 4 Self-employed,	1 Employee 4 Self-employed,	1 Employee 4 Self-employed,	1 Employee 4 Self-employed,	
Part-time workers are classified as "Employee".	2 Director of not employing	2 Director of not employing	2 Director of not employing	2 Director of not employing	1 雇われている人 4 雇人のない 自営業主
"Self-employed" includes a proprietor of unincorporated business or a person working	a firm or others corporation 5 Family worker	a firm or others corporation 5 Family worker	a firm or others corporation 5 Family worker	a firm or others corporation 5 Family worker	2 会社などの役員 5 家族従業者
on his/her own account.	3 Self-employed, 6 Doing home	3 Self-employed, 6 Doing home	3 Self-employed, 6 Doing home	3 Self-employed, 6 Doing home	9 夏上のます。 一変 学院内の仏事
	employing handicraft others	employing handicraft others	employing handicraft others	employing handicraft others	3 雇人のある 6 家庭内の仕事 自営業主
9 Name of establishment and kind of business				0.000	
Write the person of the catalylighment (office feature show at) where the					勤め先・
person worked during the week and the kind of husiness days there					業主など
mon.					の名称
Describe the kind of business, indicating the kind of products or goods					
involved. Distinguish "manufacturing" from "repairing", and "wholesale trade" Kind of		ļ	·		事業の
from "retail trade".					内 容
		·			
10 Kind of work					本人の仕事の種類
Describe clearly the kind of work person did during the week.		l			
Write in specific types of work like "electric welding", "accounting clerk", etc., rather			·		
than general terms such as "factory worker" or "office worker".					

INSTRUCTIONS

For your household

(2) Type and tenure of dwelling

- 1 Owned house or flat.....includes an owned house which has not yet been registered, as well as a house which has been purchased in installments and for which payments have not yet been finished.
- 2 Rented house or flat owned by a local governmentrefers to rented houses managed by the prefectural or municipal government.
- 3 Rented house or flat owned by a public corporationrefers to rented houses managed by the Japan Housing and Urban Development Corporation, Public Corporation for Housing Supply, Housing Association, etc., excluding Issued house.
- 5 Issued house (company's house, government employee's house, etc.).....refers to a house owned or rented by a company, government office, or other employer in which its employees reside.
- 6 Rented room.....refers to rented rooms in part of a house (that is, owned, rented or issued house) occupied by another household. However, a room satisfying the following conditions should be classified as a "Rented house or flat owned privately":

- Being completely separated from any other household's living quarters.
- Having a doorway specifically for the household (including one to which anyone has access through a common corridor, etc.).
- c. Having a sink for cooking and a toilet (including one for common use, if it is available for the resident of the room any time without passing through living quarters occupied by other households).

(3) Number of dwelling rooms

Dwelling rooms are rooms used for the activities of daily life, such as a living room, bedroom, guest room, study room, drawing room, dining room, dining-kitchen, etc.

(5) Type of building and number of stories

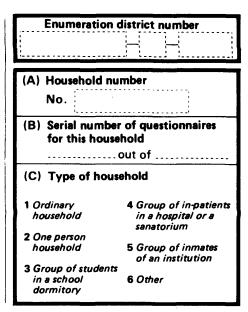
2 Tenement house.....refers to two or more houses built in a row with walls in common, called row houses or terrace houses, which have individual doorways.

Please fill this out for your household	世帯について 【Japanese translation】
(1) Number of household members	(1) 世帯員の数
Total Male Female	総数 男 女
(2) Type and tenure of dwelling 1 Owned house or flat 2 Rented house or flat owned by a local government 3 Rented house or flat owned by a public corporation 4 Rented house or flat owned privately 5 Issued house (company's house, government employee's house, etc.) 6 Rented room 7 Dormitory for single employees of a company, etc	(2) 住居の種類 1 持ち家 2 都道府県・市区町村営の賃貸住宅 3 住宅公団・公社等の賃貸住宅 4 民営の借家又は賃貸アパート 5 給与住宅(社宅・公務員住宅など) 6 住宅に間借り 7 会社等の独身寮・寄宿舎 8 その他 おわり
(3) Number of dwelling rooms Do not count entrance hallways, kitchens, bathrooms, and rooms used for business or rooms occupied by other households. Count a dining-kitchen room as a dwelling room. rooms	(3) 居住室の数 室
(4) Area of floor space of dwelling Write the total floor area of the house or flat but exclude rooms used for business. square meters	(4) 住宅の床面積の合計(延べ面積) 平 方 メートル
(5) Type of building and number of stories 1 Detached house Number of stories Floor on which your 2 Tenement house of the building home is located 1 1 or 2 stories or flat 2 3 to 5 stories 4 Other 1 1 stories or more 1 1 stories 2 3rd to 5th floor 4 11 stories or more 4 11th floor or above	1 一戸建 建物全体の階数を記入 この住宅のある階を記入 2 長屋建 1 1 · 2 階建 1 1 · 2 階 3 共同住宅 2 3 ~ 5 階建 2 3 ~ 5 階 4 その他 3 6 ~ 10階建 3 6 ~ 10階 4 11階建 4 11階以上

Your telephone number
Home / Office (_____)_____

Thank you for your cooperation.

*TO BE COMPLETED BY ENUMERATOR



	調査区	番号
	(A) 世帯番号 No.	
*調査員が記	(B) この世帯の調査票 枚目	枚のうち
が記入	(C) 世帯の種類 1 一般の 世 帯 2 一人世帯	4 病 院 ・ 療養所の 入 院 者
	3 寮·寄宿舎 の学生・ 生 徒	5 社会施設の入所者6 その他