

SDG target 14.6

Indicator 14.6.1- Progress by countries in the degree of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing

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Definition



- calculated based on efforts by countries to implement key international instruments aiming to combat IUU fishing.
- based on FAO member country responses to the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries (CCRF) survey questionnaire which is circulated by FAO every two years to members and IGOs and INGOs.

Indicator variables	Weight given to variable in calculating the indicator value for each country
Development and implementation of national plan of	
action (NPOA) to combat IUU fishing in line with the IPOA-	40%
Ιυυ	
Ratification and implementation of the 2009 FAO	40%
Agreement on Port State Measures	
Ratification and implementation of the 1993 FAO	20%
Compliance Agreement	

Current work taking place on the indicator



 Indicator will be further developed based on biannual survey on CCRF implementation that already compiles responses by FAO Members on the above mentioned instruments.

Indicator variables = international instruments to combat IUU fishing	Relevant questions in CCRF survey questionnaire
Development and implementation of national plan of action (NPOA) to combat IUU fishing in line with the IPOA-IUU	10, 11, 38 , 39
Ratification and implementation of the 2009 FAO Agreement on Port State Measures	10, 39, 41
Ratification and implementation of the 1993 FAO Compliance Agreement	32, 41



- Survey responses and results on this indicator will be presented every two years to the FAO intergovernmental Committee on Fisheries (COFI)
- The results from the CCRF survey 2016 and the related discussion during the 32nd session of COFI in July 2016 are a test for the methodology and allow for the definition of a baseline
- COFI 2016 can provide an opportunity to sharpen the questions if needed



SDG target 14.b

Indicator 14.b.1- Progress by countries in adopting and implementing a legal/regulatory/ policy/ institutional framework which recognizes and protects access rights for small-scale fisheries

Definition



 calculated on the basis of efforts being made by countries to implement selected key provisions of the <u>Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and</u> <u>Poverty Eradication (SSF Guidelines)</u>

Indicator variables

- Existence of instruments that specifically target or address the small-scale fisheries sector Weight: 40%
- 2. Ongoing specific initiatives to implement the SSF Guidelines- Weight: 30%
- 3. Existence of mechanisms enabling small-scale fishers and fish workers to contribute to decisionmaking processes - Weight: 30%



- FAO member country respond to the biannual FAO Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries (CCRF) survey questionnaire for the next session of the FAO Committee on Fisheries (COFI), 11-15 July 2016
- For the first time, the questionnaire includes a specific section on small-scale fisheries
- Indicator variables are based on three questions of this questionnaire focusing on actual efforts of promoting and facilitating access rights to small scale fisheries.

CCRF Qu	estionnaire Number and Topic	Scoring Methodology	Full score
General – Small scale fisheries (SSF):			
Q45	Specific instruments on SSF	Existence of SSF-specific instruments: Proportion of number elements with 'Yes', and then multiplied with weighting factor of 0.4; No – 0.	0.4
Q46.	Initiatives to implement SSF Guidelines	Proportion of elements with 'Yes' in Q46, and then multiplied with weighting factor of 0.3; No – 0.	0.3
Q47	Mechanisms enabling small-scale fishers and fish workers to contribute to decision-making	Existence of enabling participatory mechanisms: Yes - 0.3; No – 0.	0.3



- Discussion during COFI in July 2016 are a test for the methodology and allow for the definition of a baseline and provide an opportunity for further improvements for the methodology.
- Within the context of the implementation of the SSF Guidelines, a more specific monitoring system will be developed, which will allow to refine the methodology further. An expert workshop on this is tentatively scheduled for the end of 2016.