Guinea-Bissau



Air and climate Emissions of:		Year	GUINEA-BISSAU SEEN SEEN SEEN SEEN SEEN SEEN SEEN SEE	Knowledge Office	***
SO ₂ (1000t)			Tigentus Continue Con	2	Smith-Carquetti (Cartille
SO ₂ per capita (kg)			Wester Control Origin	Codo C	(Streets)
NO _x (1000t)	5	1994	Consume Conference Consumer Control Co	GA BU	of Foods Mex
NO _x per capita (kg)	4	1994	The second secon	Date Con Onl	39
CO ₂ (million tonnes)	0	2009	AFLANTIC OCEAN OUTNARA	ZIJR	Street Streets
CO ₂ per capita (tonnes)	0	2009	State	- Commission	
GHG (million tonnes CO ₂ eq.)	2	1994	Appropriate of the second seco	Sandajia G U T	S. S.
GHG per capita (tonnes CO ₂ eq.)	2	1994	Brogge Colons of the Colons of	经定价:	National capital Regional capital
Consumption of ozone depleting CFCs (ODP t)	4	2009	The state of the s		Aport Framelinal boundary Regional boundary Main wast Secondary road
Biodiversity			Note: The boundaries, the names shown, and the d	esignations used c	n this map
Proportion of terrestrial and			do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by	the United Nations	
marine areas protected (%)	27	2010	Permanent meadows and		Year
Number of threatened species	59	2011	pastures (% of agric. land)	66	2011
Fish catch (tonnes)	6 800	2010	Change in agricultural land	13	2011
Change in fish catch	_		area since 1990 (%) Forest area (sq km)	20 120	2011
from previous year (%)	0	2010	Change in forest	20 120	2011
Economy			area since 1990 (%)	-9	2011
GDP growth rate from previous year (%)	4	2011	Population		
GDP per capita	7	2011	Population (1000)	1 515	2010
(at current prices - \$US)	591	2011	Population growth rate		
% Value added: agriculture,			from previous year (%)	2	2010
hunting, forestry, fishing	45	2011	Waste		
% Value added: mining, manufacturing, utilities	13	2011	Total population served by municipal waste collection (%)		
Energy			Municipal waste collected		
Energy consumption			(1000t)		
(1000t oil eq.)	97	2009	Hazardous waste generated (1000t)		
Energy consumption per capita (kg oil eq.)	65	2009	Water and sanitation	•••	
Energy use intensity (kg oil			Long-term average		
eq.) per \$1,000 GDP			renewable freshwater	04.000	N.L. / A
(Constant 2005 PPP\$)	65	2007	resources (mio m³/yr)	31 000	N/A
Renewable electricity production (%)	0	2009	Urban population with access to improved drinking water source		2010
Land and agriculture			Rural population with access to improved drinking water source	(%) 53	2010
Total area (sq km)	36 125	2011	Urban population with access		
Agricultural land (sq km)	16 300	2011	to improved sanitation (%)	44	2010
Arable land (% of agric. land)	2	2011	Rural population with access		
Permanent crops (% of agric. land	l) 15	2011	to improved sanitation (%)	9	2010

Environment Statistics Country Snapshot

Last updated: February 2013

These snapshots provide data about the environment and other related statistics at a point in time that will allow comparison between countries. For up to date data, time series, downloadable data, and additional information, please visit original sources. UNSD is not responsible for the quality, completeness / availability, and validity of data obtained from other data providers. Original sources should be cited when Environment Statistics Country Snapshot data are referenced. A list of sources and corresponding URLs are shown below.

Data Sources

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Database

Fish catch, Change in fish catch from previous year, Agricultural land, Arable land, Permanent crops, Permanent meadows and pastures, Change in agricultural land area since 1990, Forest area, Change in forest area since 1990, and some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources data are extracted from FAO.

FAOSTAT: http://faostat.fao.org/

AQUASTAT: http://www.fao.org/nr/water/aquastat/dbase/index.stm

International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)

Number of threatened species data are extracted from the IUCN.

http://www.iucnredlist.org/

IINdata

GDP growth rate from previous year, and GDP per capita (at current prices) data are retrieved from the UNdata portal. UNdata was launched by the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA). It brings the various UN statistical databases within easy reach of users through a single entry point. Users can search and download a variety of statistical resources provided by the UN System. http://data.un.org/

United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects

All 'per capita' variables use population data obtained from this source. Population and Population growth rate from previous year data are also retrieved from this source.

http://www.un.org/esa/population/

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) Secretariat

 SO_2 emissions, SO_2 per capita emissions, NO_x per capita emissions, GHG emissions and GHG per capita are obtained from the UNFCCC Greenhouse Gas Emissions Database.

http://unfccc.int/ghg_emissions_data/items/3800.php

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Demographic Statistics Yearbook

Total area data are extracted from this source.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/default.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Energy Statistics Database

Energy consumption, Energy consumption per capita, and Renewable electricity production figures are extracted from the UNSD Energy Statistics Database.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/energy/default.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Environment Statistics Database

Total population served by municipal waste collection, Municipal waste collected, Hazardous waste generated and some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources data are extracted from the UNSD Environment Statistics Database (note: database also includes data from OECD and Eurostat). http://unstats.un.org/unsd/environment/gindicators.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Millennium Development Goals (MDG) Indicator Database

Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected, CO₂ emissions, CO₂ emissions per capita, Consumption of ozone-depleting CFCs, Energy use intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 (PPP) GDP, Urban population with access to improved drinking water source, Rural population with access to improved drinking water source, Urban population with access to improved sanitation, and Rural population with access to improved sanitation data are extracted from the MDG database.

http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Data.aspx

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) National Accounts Database

% value added - agriculture, hunting, forestry, fishing; and % value added - mining, manufacturing, utilities are obtained from the National Accounts Main Aggregates Database, according to the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC).

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/introduction.asr